USE CLASS SCHEDULE



WALES

Guide to planning use classes and permitted development for change of use in Wales (Law as of 10th June 2019) **FACTORY ~** 모 Use Permitted Change Use Class Shops, high street post offices, travel agencies and ticket agencies, hairdressers, funeral directors, domestic hire shops, dry cleaners, sandwich bars (sandwiches / cold food purchased and consumed To A1 (if ground floor has a display window)
To a mixed use as A1 at ground level with a single flat above (if ground floor has a display window)*
To a mixed use as A2 at ground level with a single flat above* Professional and Financial Services Banks, building societies and bureaux de change and professional services (other than health or medical services) including estate agents and employment agencies and INCLUDING betting shops Sale of food and drink for consumption on the premises (restaurants, snack bars, cafés, AND public houses, bars, or other drinking establishments) AND sale of hot food for consumption off the premises (a) Offices other than in a use within Class A2 Research and Development – laboratories, studios (c) Light industry All must be capable of being carried out in a residential area without a detriment to residential amenity. **B2** General Industrial General industrial use (other than classified within Class B1) Wholesale warehouses, distribution centres and repositories EXCLUDING radioactive material or waste B8 Storage and Distribution C1 Hotel Hotels, boarding houses and guest houses Hospitals, nursing homes, residential education and training centres. Use for the provision of residential accommodation and care to people in need of care C2 Residential Institutions Secure residential accommodation, for example, prisons, young offenders institutions, detention centres, secure local authority accommodation, military barracks C2a Secure Residential Institutions A dwelling house (whether or not as a sole or main residence) by:
a) a single person, couple, or family (including an employer and domestic employees, a carer and the person receiving care);
b) up to six people living together as a single household and receiving care;
c) up to six people living together as a single household which do not fall within the definition of C4 C3 Dwelling houses A dwelling house occupied by up to six unrelated individuals, as their only or main residence, who share basic amenities such as a kitchen or bathrooms C4 Houses in Multiple Occupation D1 Non-Residential Institutions Clinics and health centres, crèches, day nurseries, day centres and stand-alone consultation rooms, museums, public libraries, art galleries, exhibition halls, non-residential education and training centres, places of worship, religious instruction and public halls dings Cinemas, dance and concert halls, sports halls, swimming baths, skating rinks, gymnasiums, bingo halls, other indoor and outdoor sports and leisure uses (not involving motorised vehicles or firearms) INCLUDING casinos Sui Generis*** (Uses which do not fall within the specified Agricultural buildings N/A

Use Classes above)

Whilst the most commonly found uses are contained within the 1987 Use Classes Order (as amended), there are many uses that are not specifically categorised by the four main use classes. These are classified as sui generis. The table seeks to illustrate some of the sui generis uses, but they are not intended to be exhaustive. Sui generis uses are their own specific use and planning permission is normally required for any change of use.







^{*} Some exemptions apply – please seek advice.